

# MATH 2100 / 2350 – HOMEWORK 6 (LAST ONE!!)

due Wednesday, December 4, at the beginning of class

*This homework assignment was written in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X. You can find the source code on the course website.*

**Instructions:** This assignment is due at the *beginning* of class. **Staple your work** together (do not just fold over the corner). Please write the questions in the correct order. If I cannot read your handwriting, you won't receive credit. Explain all reasoning.

1. Let  $f : \mathcal{P}(\{1, 2, 3, 4\}) \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(\{1, 2, 3\})$  be defined by  $f(A) = A \setminus \{4\}$ . Draw the arrow diagram for the function. Determine whether or not it's injective, surjective, and bijective. Make sure to justify your answers (either with the arrow diagram, or a formal proof).
2. Let  $A = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$  and let  $B = \{000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110, 111\}$  be the set of binary strings with three digits. Define  $g : B \rightarrow A$  by  $g(s) = [\text{the number of 1s in } s]$ . Draw the arrow diagram for the function. Determine whether or not it's injective, surjective, and bijective. Make sure to justify your answers (either with the arrow diagram, or a formal proof).
3. Prove that the function  $h : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  defined by  $h(n) = [\text{the sum of the digits in } n \text{ (in base 10)}]$  is surjective. Prove that it's not injective.
4. Let  $h : [2, \infty) \rightarrow (0, 1]$  be the function with the rule  $h(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$ . Prove that  $h$  is a bijection by proving it is injective and surjective. Then compute  $h^{-1}(x)$  and give its domain, codomain, and range.
5. Consider the set  $S = \mathcal{P}(\{1, 2, 3, 4\})$ . Define  $\Sigma(T)$  to be the sum of the elements in  $T$ . For example  $\Sigma(\{1, 3, 4\}) = 8$ . Define the relation  $R = \{(A, B) \in S \times S : \Sigma(A) < \Sigma(B)\}$ . Answer the following questions.
  - (a) Is  $R$  reflexive?
  - (b) Is  $R$  irreflexive?
  - (c) Is  $R$  symmetric?
  - (d) Is  $R$  antisymmetric?
  - (e) Is  $R$  transitive?
  - (f) Is  $R$  a partial order? If so, draw the Hasse diagram.
6. Let  $S = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$  and  $R = \{(a, b) \in S \times S : |a - b| = 4\}$ . Answer questions (a) – (f) from Question 6.
7. Let  $S = [0, 4\pi)$  and define the relation  $R = \{(a, b) \in S \times S : \sin(a) = \sin(b)\}$ . Answer questions (a) – (f) from Question 6.
8. Let  $A = \{1, 4, 7\}$ . Give an example of a relation  $R$  on  $A$  that is
  - (a) Transitive and reflexive but not antisymmetric.
  - (b) Antisymmetric and reflexive but not transitive.
  - (c) Antisymmetric and transitive but not reflexive.